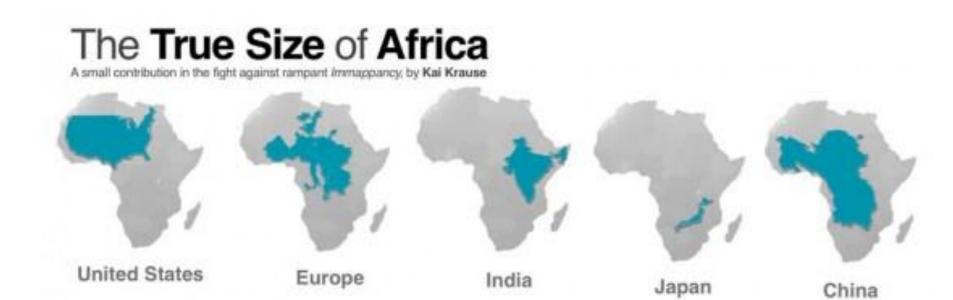
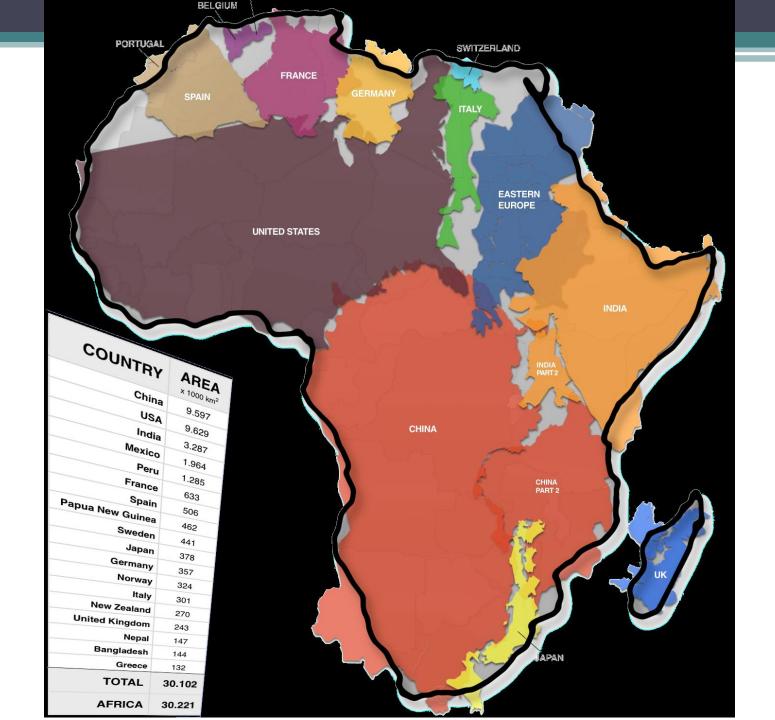
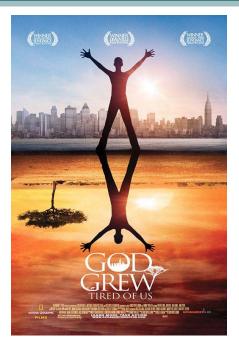
### Current Issues: Africa

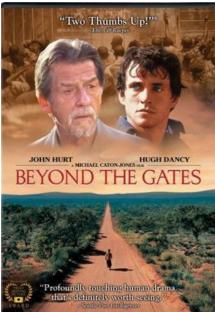








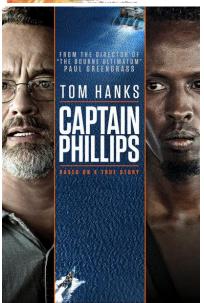










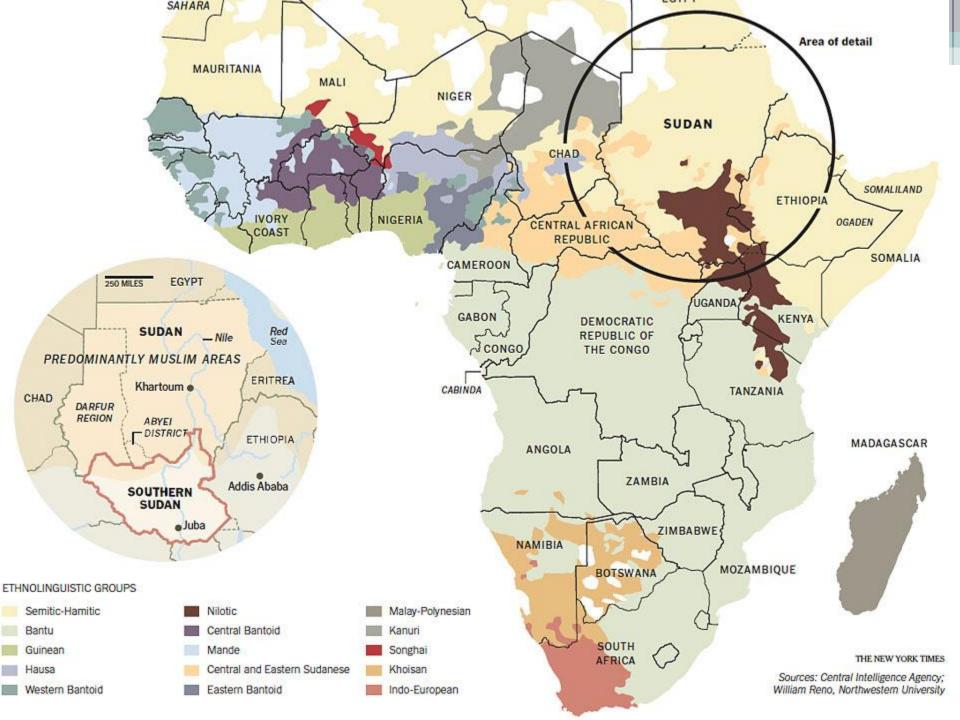


## African Politics before European Rule

 Prior to WWII, the tribe (ethnic group) was the traditional political unit

 Many of the political problems today are conflicts from

• and effects of years of



## Post-WWII Africa (1940s-1960s)

Impact of World War II

African soldiers fighting for EUROPEANS return home.

### Independence -

 Europeans not willing to fight to keep colonies





## Uneasy Independence

Independence did
 NOT equal prosperity

 European- Backed leaders fall one by one Military Coups/
 Overthrow of
 Government





### Post-WWII Africa (1950s-1970's)

- The Colonial Legacy
  - <u>1.</u>
    - · New African nations still depended on Europe
  - <u>2.</u>
    - Europeans did not educate Africans in governance
      - Limited education opportunities
    - Many nations fell to authoritarian governments/ Dictators
  - <sup>-</sup> 3.
    - Many remote areas had little access to modern
      4.
    - Since borders were drawn by <u>European colonial</u> <u>powers</u>, **no consideration of ethnic differences**



# Reasons for U.N. involvement in <u>Sub</u> <u>Saharan Africa</u>



• Colonial rule created numerous issues throughout Sub-Saharan Africa, and currently 8 of 16 U.N. peacekeeping missions are in Africa. The following have been the most urgent and devastating.

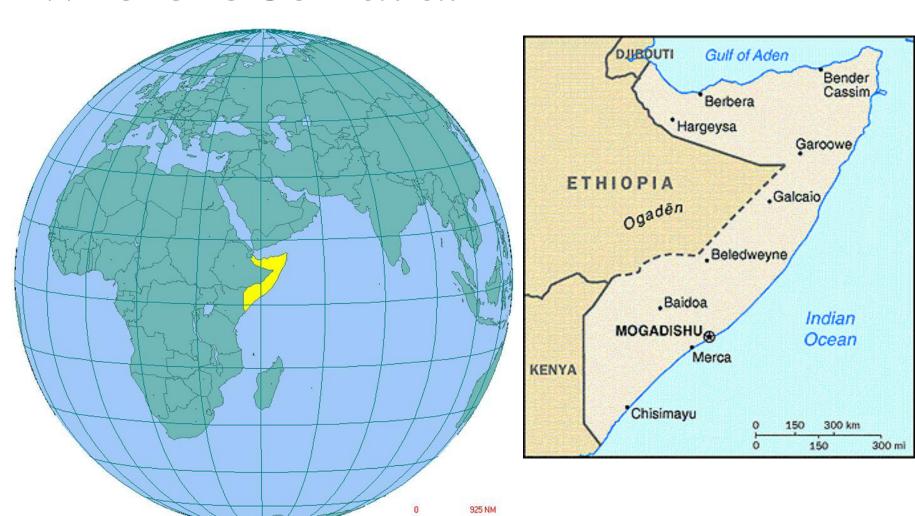


# Somalia

Only the dead have seen the end of war.

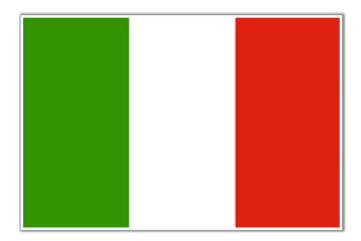
--Plato

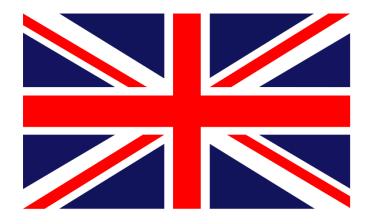
### Where is Somalia?



## History of Somalia

- Imperialist Age of 1800s
  - Egypt, France, England
     & Italy all claim parts
     of Somalia
- Late 1800s
  - Protectorate of Italy
- Post-World War II
  - Protectorate of Great Britain
- 1960
  - Achieved independence
- 1970s
  - Military dictatorship





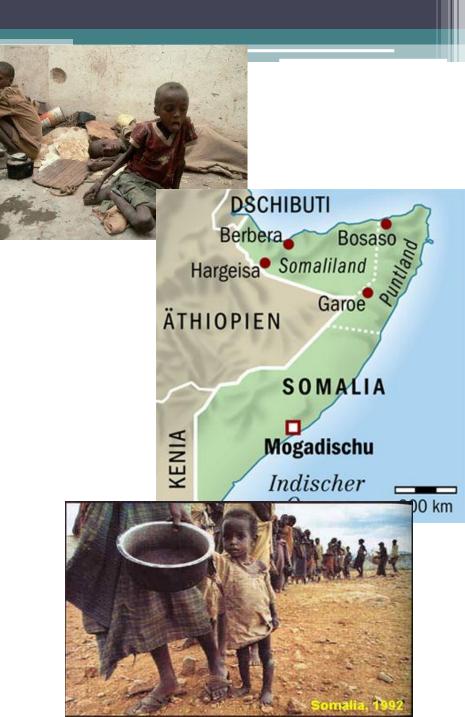
### Somalia 1992

 Years of warfare among rival clans = Famine

• 300,000 civilians died of starvation.

the most powerful of the warlords, ruled the capital Mogadishu.

 Aidid seized international food shipments at the ports.



## Somali Civil War - 1992



### United States Response



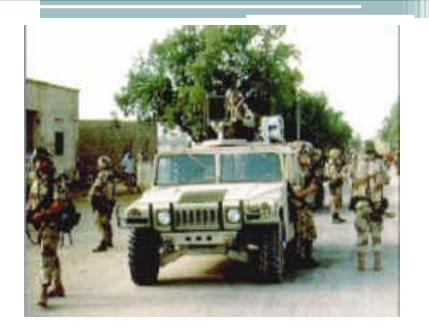
- Operation
  - To restore order in Somalia/ Save lives
  - Final Countdown





## **April 1993**

- The world responded. Behind a force of 20,000 United States Marines, food was delivered and order restored.
- Aidid waited until the Marines withdrew, and then declared war on the remaining United Nations peacekeepers.





# "The Battle of Mogadishu"

Operation was to

Blackhawk down

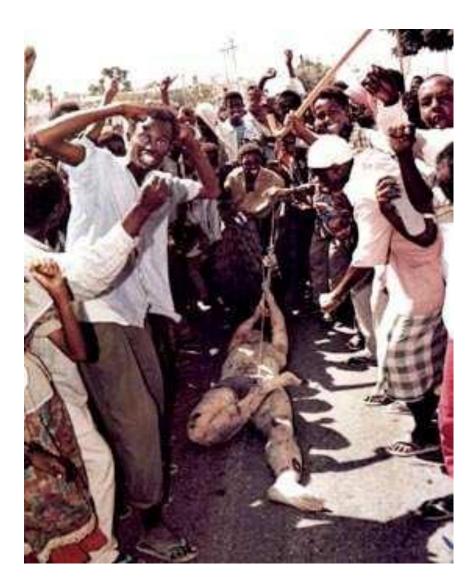






# Fallout from Mogadishu





## Modern Day Somalia - Government

Has not had a stable government

since 1991



## Modern Day Somalia -Humanitarian Crisis

#### 2001

Severe drought nearly 500,000 people to appeal for food aid

#### 2004

 Tsunami causes hundreds of tens of thousands of people are displaced

#### • 2007

- UN says more than 320,000
   Somalis have fled fighting in Mogadishu
- Number of Somali refugees hits one million





## Modern Day Somalia

- 2011
  - Pirate attacks on ships worldwide hit seven-year high in 2010
  - Somali piratesaccounting for 49of 52 ships seized



### Al- Shabaab in Somalia

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kG2ptCcOTiQ

# Rwanda/Burundi





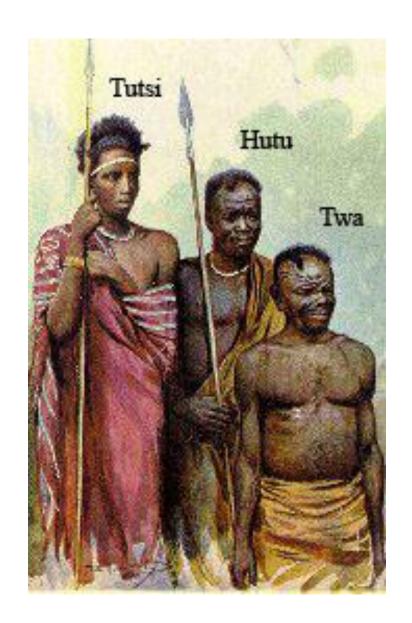


## Rwanda-History

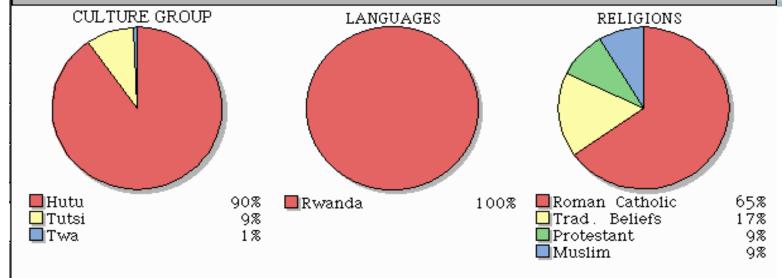
- 3 tribes of people that inhabit Rwanda
  - Twa, the original inhabitants

migrated in 1000s

migrated in the 1300s







Nationality: noun and adjective -- Rwandan(s)

• Rwanda and Burundi were torn by ethnic strife since independence from \_\_\_\_\_ in 1962.

# European Contact

BELOW: British missionaries with men holding hands severed from victims named Bolenge and Lingomo by A.B.I.R. militiamen, 1904.





### Rwanda 1933

- Under Belgian Rule
  - to control the country
- Introduction to the Eugenics Movement
  - Tutsis were considered to have Caucasian ancestry (through lighter skin, larger skulls) and therefore were 'superior' to Hutus

#### NEGROID SANE CRIMINALS AND NEGROID CIVIL INSANE MOSAIC OF METRIC DIFFERENCES



Crimina



Civil Insane

CRIMINALS Shorter, broader, higher heads Lighter skin color More woolly, less frizzly hair Higher, wider and more sloping foreheads Thicker eyebrows Longer, narrower faces and noses Shorter ears Less pronounced antihelices Less rolled helices Slightly lighter eyes Less pigmented sclerae More inner eyefolds Higher eye-openings Smaller brow ridges Higher, narrower nasal roots, higher bridges More downward inclined septa Thinner nasal tips Thicker integumental and membranous lips More pronounced lip seams Broader jaws, less chin prominence More pointed chins, more prominant malars and jaw angles Fuller cheeks, more wrinkles

More prognathism



Criminal



Civil Insane

## Rwanda (continued)

- Eugenics Movement Effects
  - Creation of group classification on ID card
    - ID cards now stated if the individual was Twa, Hutu or Tutsi
  - Introduced a rigid racial concept of group identity
    - Belief of superior racial status
  - For Tutsis
    - Some



•



## The ID Cards

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Lieu de domicile	8		
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Noms du Conjoint MARAMISA	10	*****	
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### Rwanda 1994

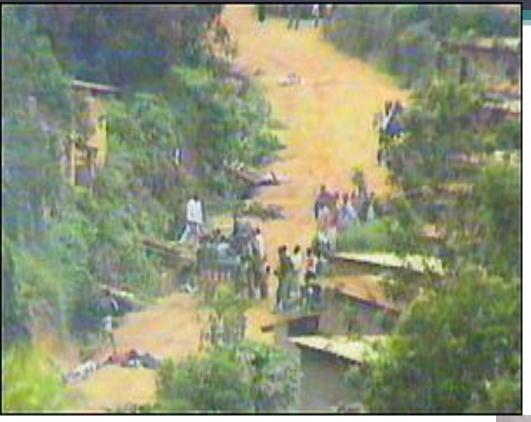
- In April 1994, the presidents of Rwanda and Burundi were killed in a
- Civil war erupted on a massive scale
  - Extremist \_\_\_\_ militia and elements of the Rwandan military begin the systematic massacre of

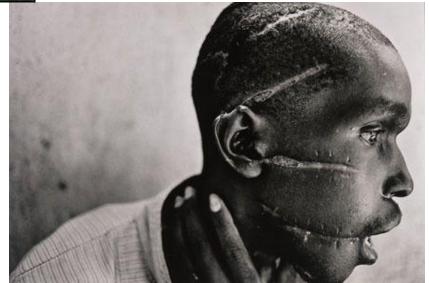












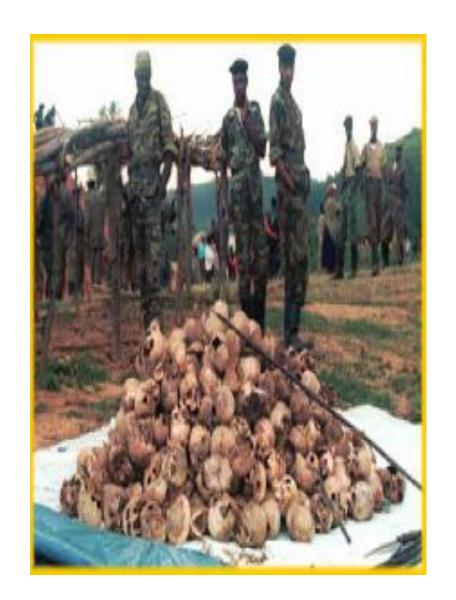
### Rwandan Statistics

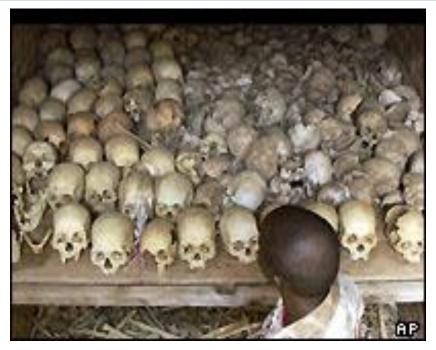
- Genocide lasts approx. 100 days
  - An estimated

\_\_\_\_\_ people were

#### killed

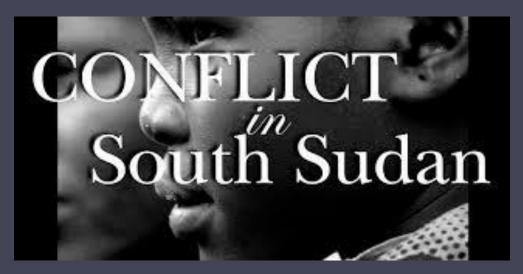
- Total population of Rwanda was about 7 million
- Many Tutsi women were systematically raped by HIV+ Hutu men
- No outside government did anything to stop the genocide







- Today Hutus and Tutsis live side by side and try to deal with their past.
- The United States and others are dealing with the fact that the atrocities were allowed to go on for so long.



# Sudan

Sudan has been at war with itself for more than three-quarters of its existence

### Sudan and the Darfur





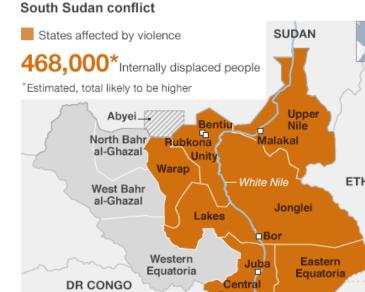
#### Sudan

http://www.youtube.
 com/watch?v=USLDo
 IiFzzg

- Answer on a paper
- 1. Why was there a War between the North and South?
- 2. How has **Oil** played a role?
- 3. How has **ethnicity** played a role?
- 4. " "

  Desertification?

- The First Sudanese Civil war took place from 1955-1972 and was between the north and south.
- The Second Sudanese Civil War started in 1983 and continued until peace was negotiated in 2005.
- The Second Sudanese Civil War was also between the Muslim North and the Animist and Christian South.
- 2 Million Dead, 4 Million Refugees



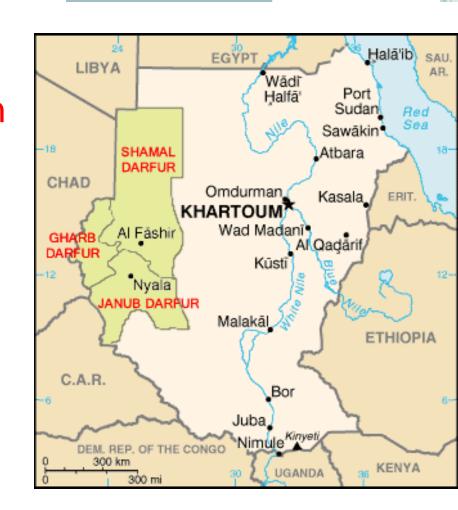
• The \_\_\_\_\_\_ are a group of boys, ages as young as 6 years old walked a distance equivalent to walking from Denver to Chicago.

10,000 Relocated in US as Refugees





• The \_\_\_\_\_ region of the Sudan is an area the size of France in the west. The Muslim dominated northern government feared the southern rebel groups. An agreement was soon reached in 2003.



In 2003, people in the Darfur wanted certain rights.
 The government in Khartoum feared this, and hired the \_\_\_\_\_ (devil on horseback) to exterminate the black African groups in the Darfur.



The Janjaweed entered villages to rape, burn, and

slaughter.

According to BBC news, the death toll is estimated at 300,000 with close to 2 million displaced in refugee camps in Chad where disease and famine runs rampant. The Sudanese government disagrees. They estimate 10,000 deaths.

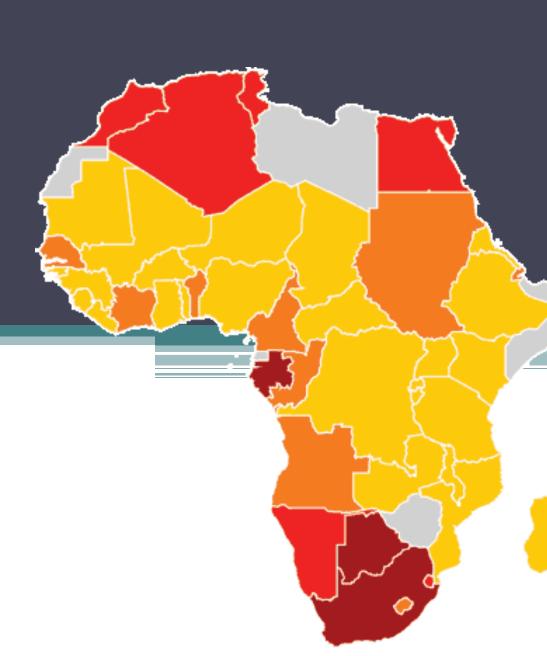


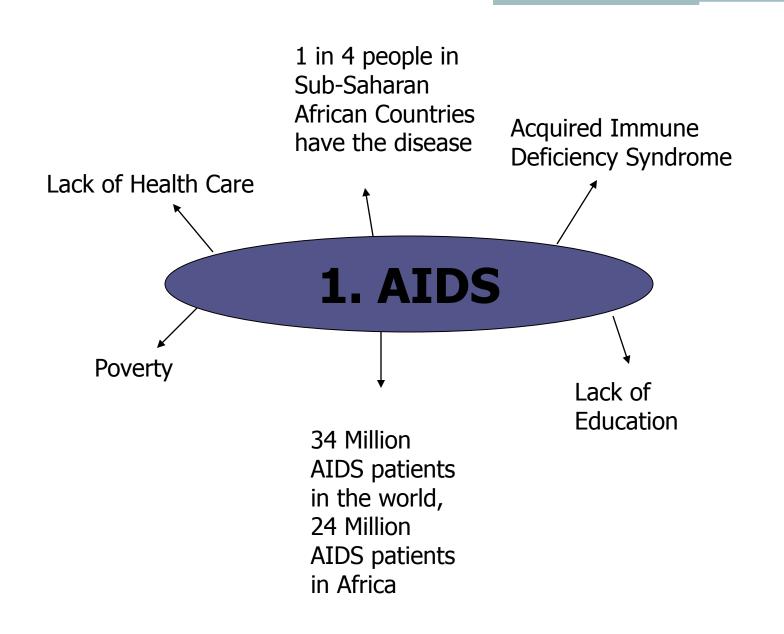
 Today, reporters and Humanitarian aid has been blocked by the Sudanese government so that very few images of what is happening can be captured.

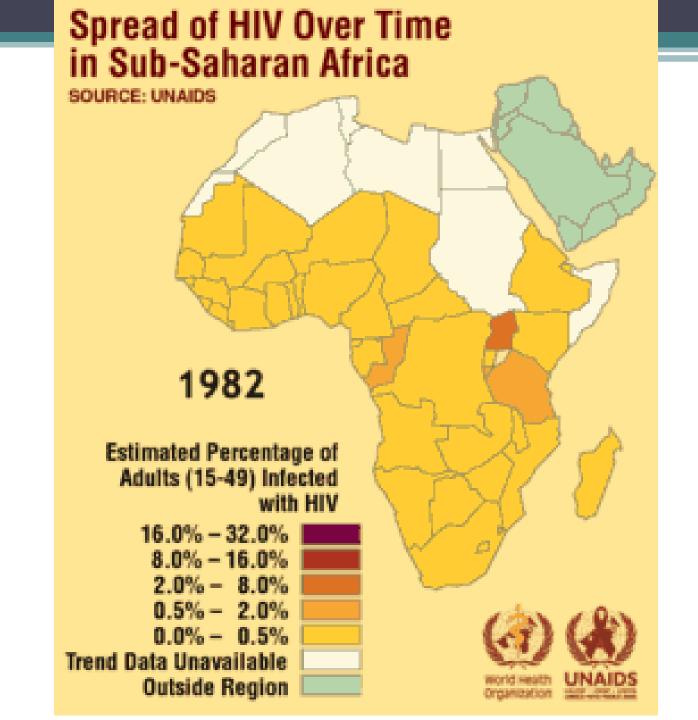




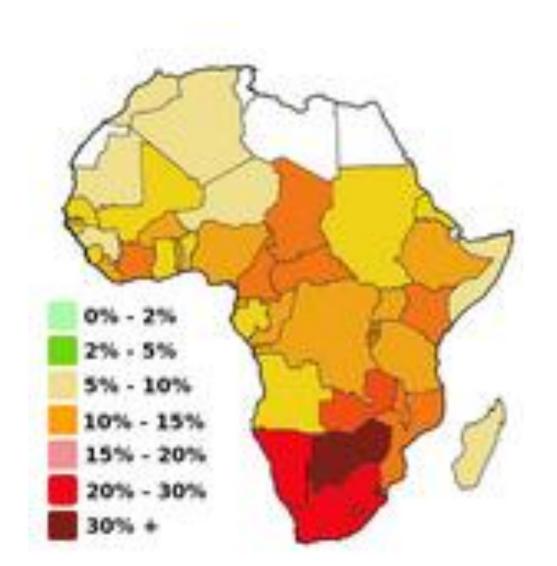
# Other Humanitarian Issues

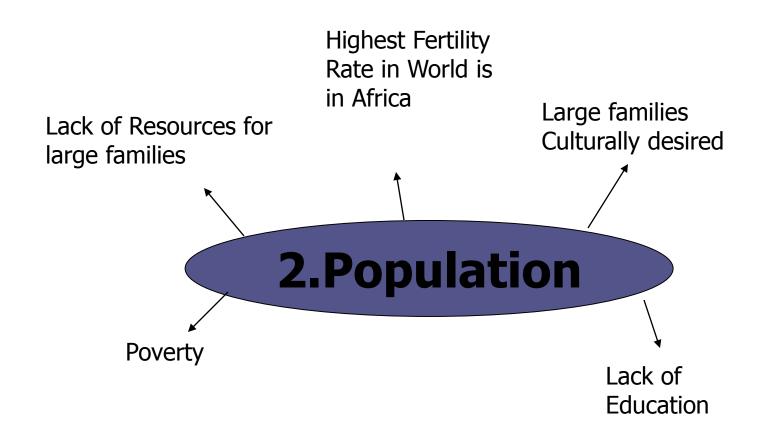


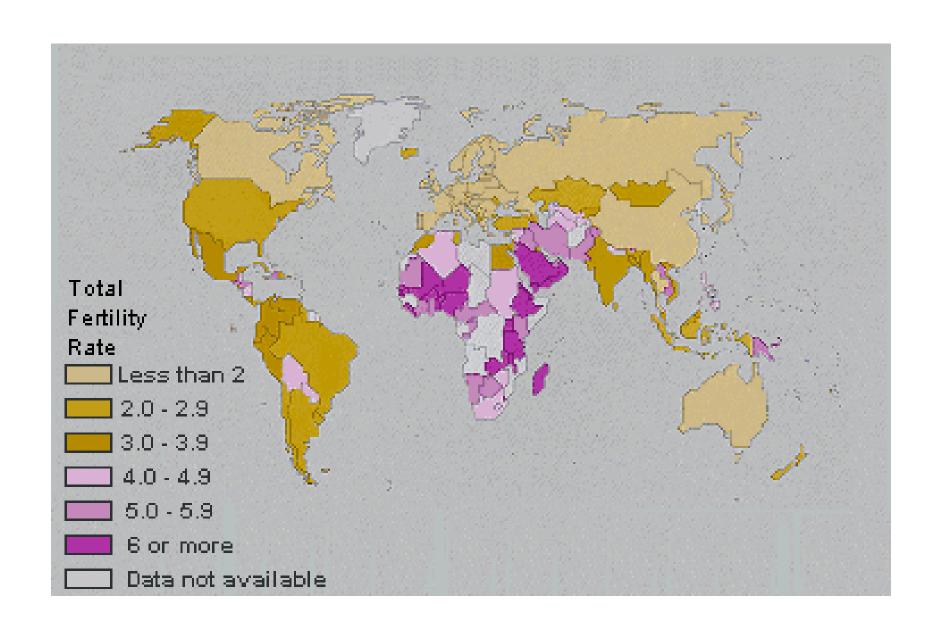




#### Aids Prevalence Rate









#### **Fund civil wars**

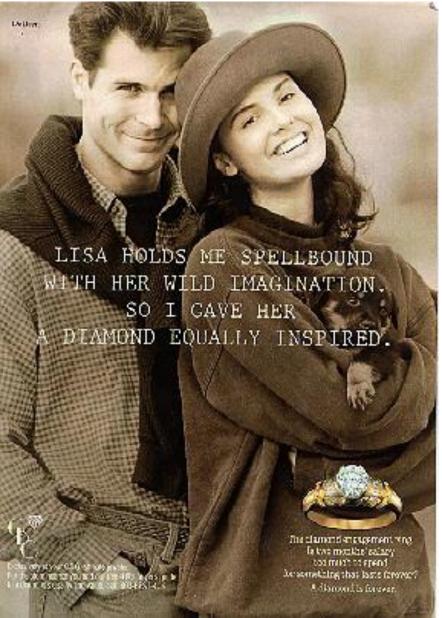
3. Conflict Diamonds

Diamond Certification Program



**Boy Soldiers** 



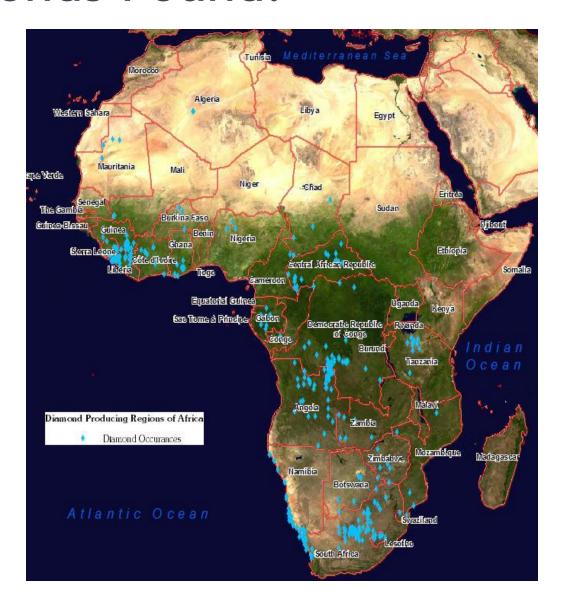


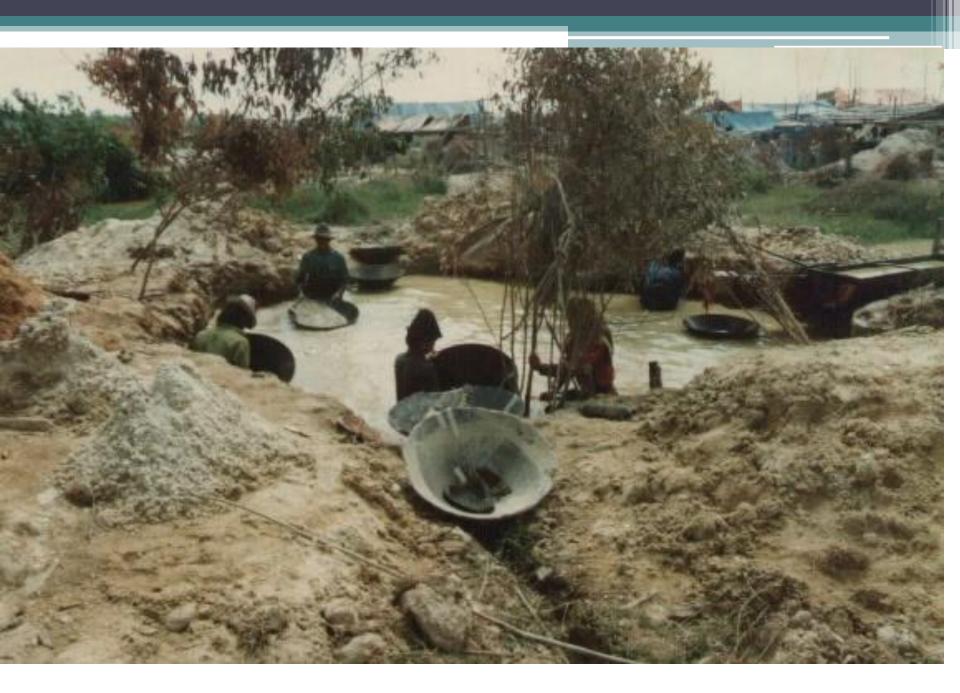




## Where Are Diamonds Found?

• Blood Diamonds.

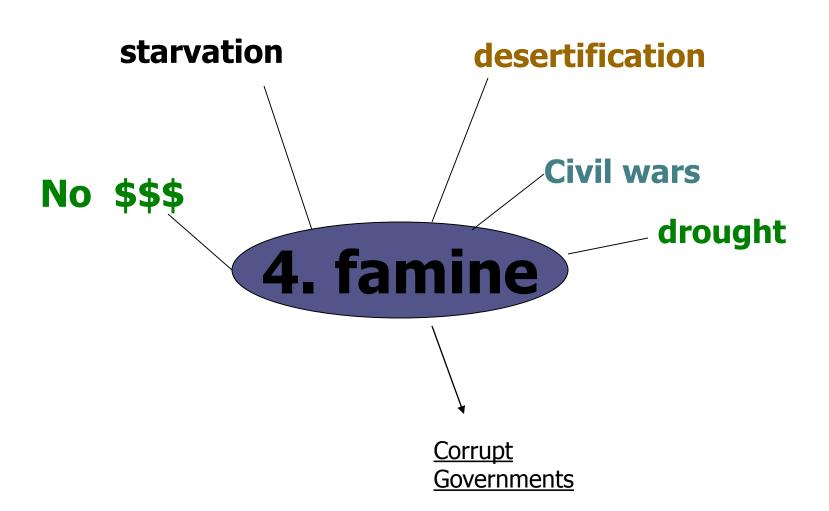




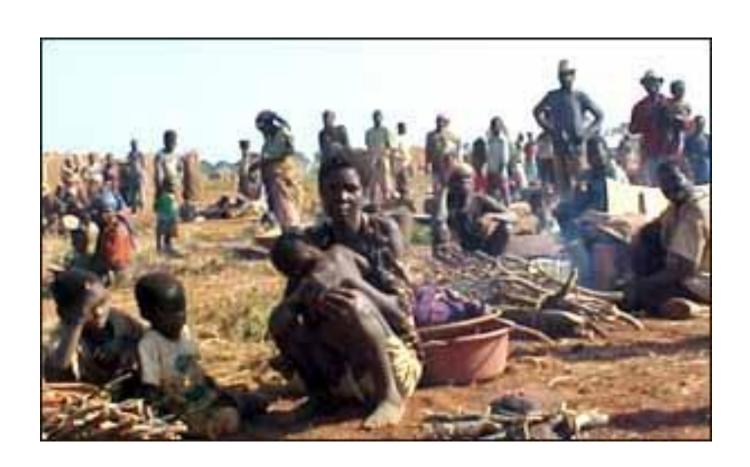














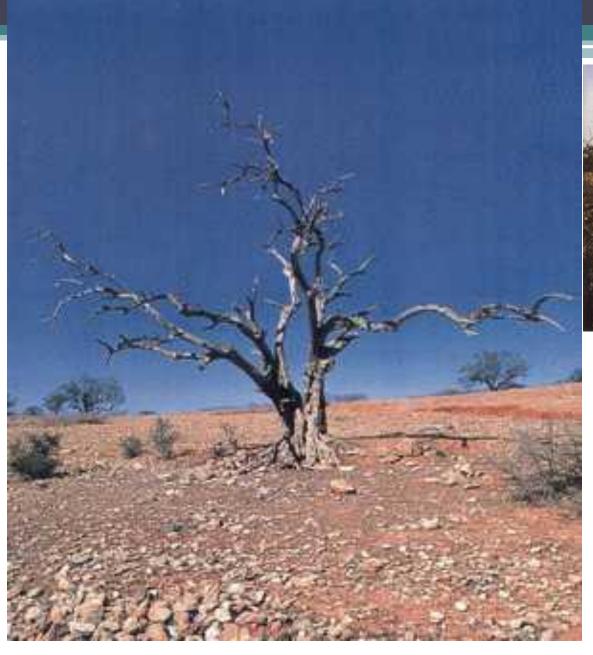




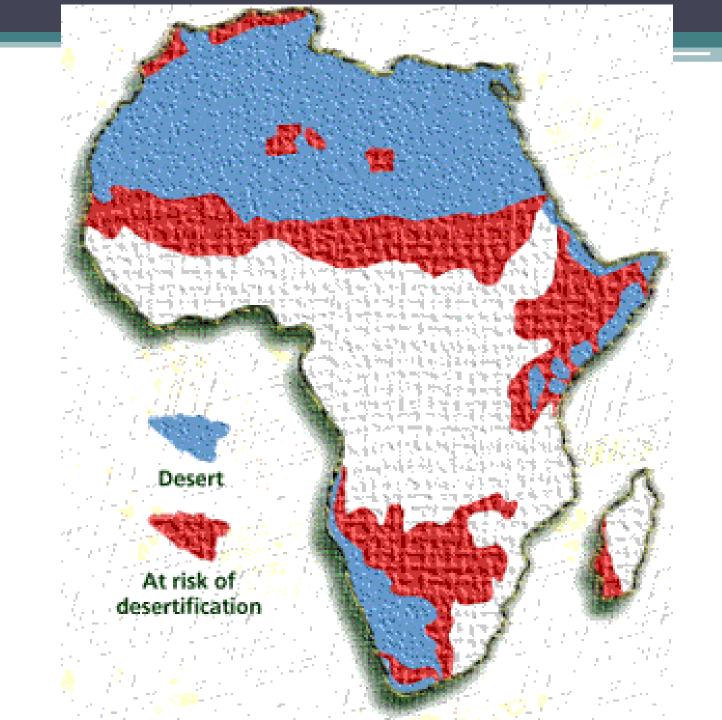
Causes: **Bad farming techniques** No crop rotation **Animals hooves** effects **Spread of desert** 5. desertification Loss of arable land More starvation **Sahara Desert** 

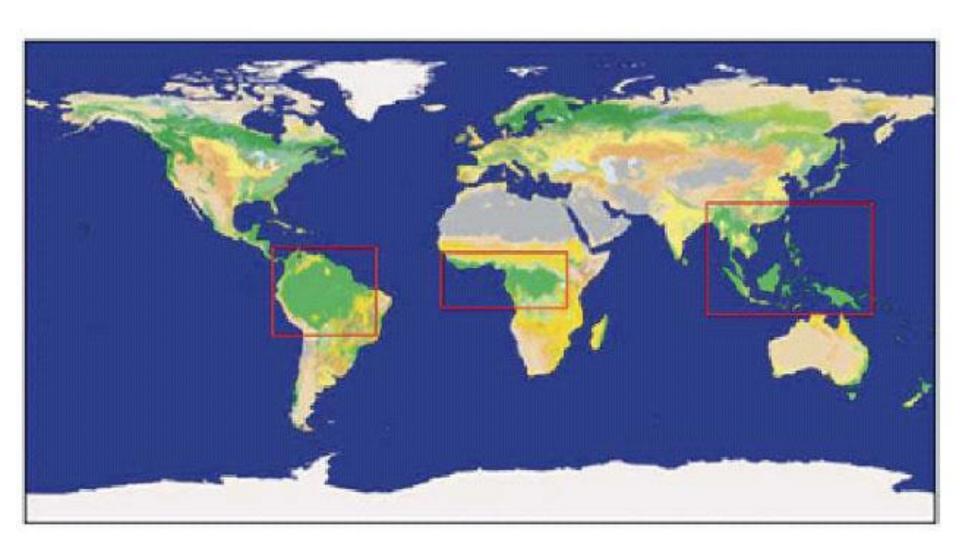
**North Africa** 

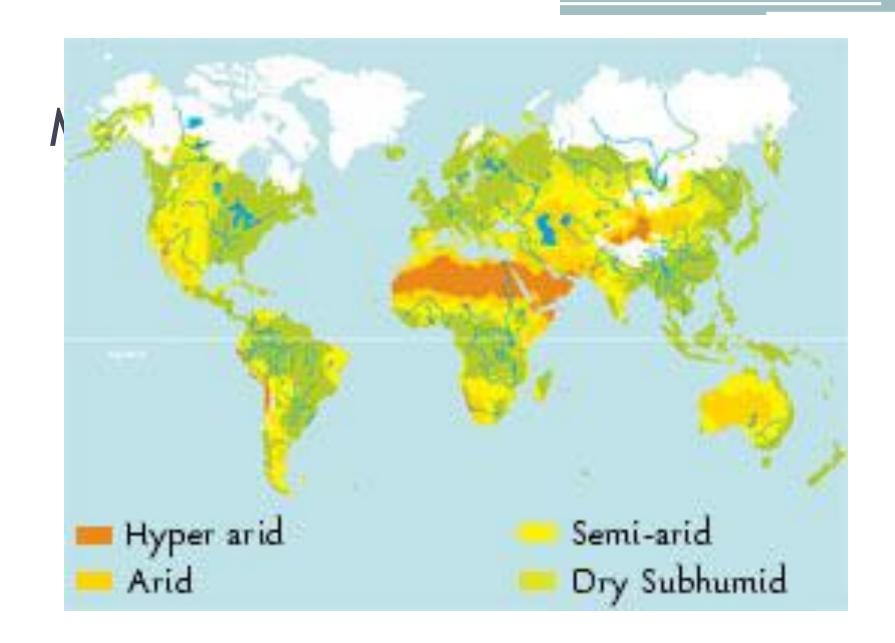
More poverty

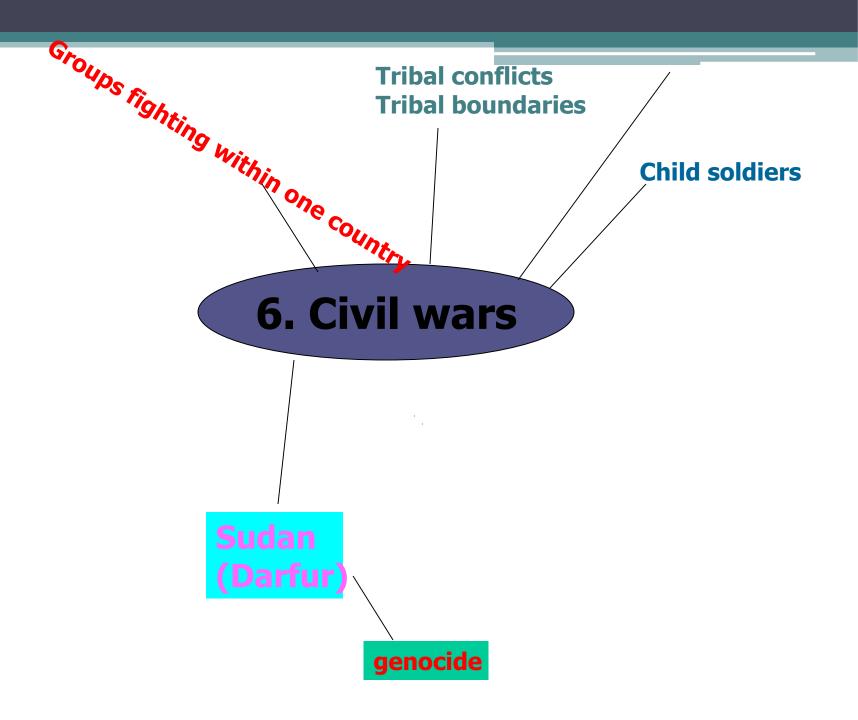








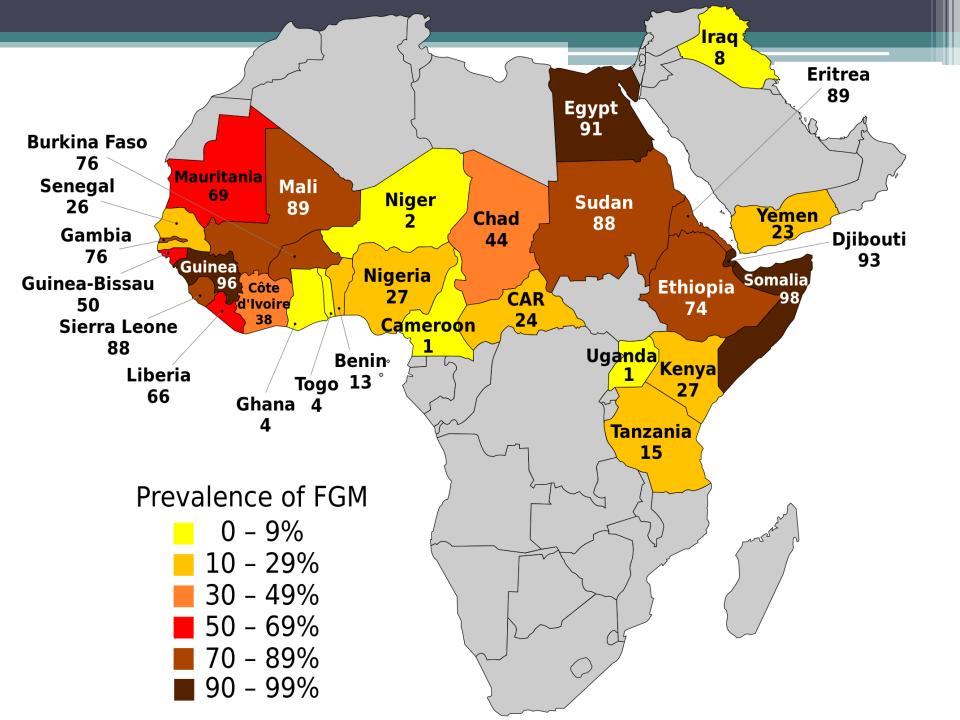


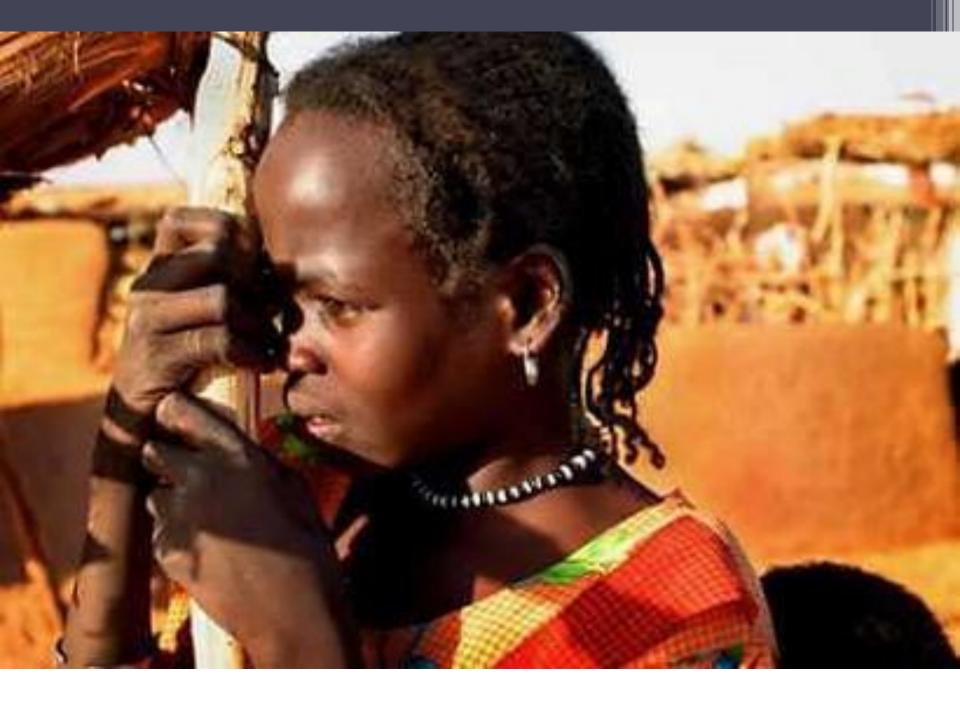






# <u>7. FGM</u>







#### A new scramble for africa?

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=\_KMo6hTe
 RSY